(A company limited by guarantee)

Annual Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended 31 August 2020

Company Registration number: 07551989 (England and Wales)

Contents

Reference and Administrative Details	1
Trustees Report	2 to 14
Governance Statement	15 to 19
Statement of Regularity, Propriety and Compliance	20
Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities	21
Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements	22 to 24
Independent Reporting Accountant's Assurance Report on Regularity	25 to 26
Statement of Financial Activities incorporating Income and Expenditure Account	27 to 28
Balance Sheet	29
Statement of Cash Flows	30
Notes to the Financial Statements	31 to 54

Reference and Administrative Details

Members

Roger Penwarden

Andrew Wetherelt John Weedon Hilary Lowe

Trustees (Directors) Roger Penwarden (Chairperson)

Ian Kenworthy (Principal)

Andrew Wetherelt (Vice Chairperson)

John Weedon

Senior Management Ian Kenworthy, Principal

Team

Mark Fenlon, Vice Principal Emma Haase, Vice Principal Sarah Belshaw, Vice Principal Simon Horner, Vice Principal

Andrew Oates, Acting Vice Principal

Beverley Lawrence, Chief Financial Officer

Registered Office

Cranberry Road

Camborne Cornwall **TR14 7PP**

Lowin House

Independent **Auditors**

PKF Francis Clark Statutory Auditor

Tregolls Rd Truro Cornwall TR1 2NA

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

Objectives and activities

The trustees present their annual report together with the financial statements and auditor's report of the charitable company for the year to 31 August 2020. The annual report serves the purposes of both a trustees' report, and a directors' report under company law.

The academy trust operates an academy for pupils aged 11 to 19 serving a catchment area in Camborne with a rising role as it continues to attract out of catchment students. It has a pupil capacity of 1,625 and had a roll of 1,607 as of January 2020 census.

Structure, Governance and Management

Constitution

The Academy Trust is a company limited by guarantee and an exempt charity. The charitable company's memorandum and articles of association are the primary governing documents of the Academy Trust. The Trustees of The CSIA Trust are also the Directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law. The charitable company is known as The CSIA Trust.

Details of the Trustees who served during the year are included in the Reference and Administrative Details on page 1.

Members' Liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the charitable company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

Trustees' Indemnities

The academy trust through its Articles has indemnified its trustees to the fullest extent permissible by law. During the period the Academy Trust also purchased and maintained liability insurance for its trustees.

Method of Recruitment and Appointment or Election of Trustees

The makeup of the Board of Trustees of The CSIA Trust is determined by its Articles of Association which states as follows:

The number of Trustees shall be not less than three but, unless otherwise determined by ordinary resolution, shall not be subject to any maximum. The Members may appoint up to six Trustees and, providing that the Chief Executive Officer agrees so to act, the Members may also by ordinary resolution appoint the Chief Executive Officer as a Trustee. If no provision is made for at least two Parent Local Governors on each established Local Governing Body there shall also be a minimum of two Parent Trustees.

Parent Trustees are elected by parents of registered pupils at the Academy Trust; a Parent Trustee must be a parent of a pupil at the Academy Trust at the time when he/she is elected. Any election of Parent Trustees which is contested should be held by secret ballot.

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

Trustees may appoint Co-opted Trustees. A Co-opted Trustee means a person who is appointed to be a Trustee by being co-opted by Trustees who have not been so appointed. The Trustees may not co-opt an employee of the Academy Trust as a Co-opted Trustee if thereby the number of Trustees who are employees of the Academy Trust (Staff Trustees) would exceed one third of the total number of Trustees including the Chief Executive Officer to the extent he or she is a Trustee.

Election of the Chair and Vice Chair of Trustees is held annually. Trustees nominate before the election meeting, and election is conducted by a show of hands where there is one candidate, or secret ballot where there is more than one candidate. In the event of a tie, each candidate is given the opportunity to speak to the Trustees about their nomination and a further vote will be taken. Staff Trustees are not eligible for election as either Chair or Vice Chair of Trustees.

Policies and Procedures Adopted for the Induction and Training of Trustees

All new Trustees will be assigned an experienced Trustee mentor to assist them in taking on new responsibilities. The Clerk will be required to arrange relevant training as appropriate through the use of courses and in house speakers.

Organisational Structure

The management structure consists of four levels: The Members, the Trustees, the Local Governing Board and the Senior Leadership Team.

The Members of the Academy Trust comprise the signatories of the Memorandum, including the Chair of Trustees. The Members have defined the roles of the Trustees and the Committee structure. The Members meet annually to determine the strategic direction of the Academy Trust and review progress against the strategic objectives for the Academy Trust.

The governance structure incorporates the Members, Trustees and a Local Governing Board as well as an Audit Scrutiny Committee. To ensure continuity in the early stages of its inception, The CSIA Trust had a small number of Members also sitting on the Board of Trustees. During 2018-19, there was some attempts to develop the MAT which did not come to fruition meaning there were no changes to the structure last year. Opportunities were more limited within 2019-20 due to school closures and the Covid-19 global pandemic. The Local Governing Body can invite the Chair of the Trustees to attend Local Governing Board meetings whenever appropriate to update them on any relevant issues that may affect the operations of the school.

The separate Audit Scrutiny Committee is overseen by members of the Trust Board, whilst the Local Governing Board oversees Personnel, Finance and Premises issues. All Boards and Committees operate in accordance with documented terms of reference. All terms of reference are in place to ensure the smooth running of the Academy Trust's school, and all are linked to fully support the aims and ethos of the member school. The curriculum element within the terms of reference is to ensure the member school staffing complement supports their aims and ethos and that the curriculum comprises all learning and other experiences that the school provide for their students.

When the Trust's Funding Statement is received from the Education and Skills Funding Agency the Board of Trustees will meet to approve its delegation to the Trust's member school. The School Business Manager will draft a meaningful budget plan for discussion which will be received by the Local Governing Board in discussion with the Principal (designated 'Accounting Officer'), and who will make appropriate recommendations for its ratification. The Audit Scrutiny Committee will scrutinise the budget and provide their ratification of the Board's proposal.

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

The Senior Leadership Team comprises the Principal, five Vice Principals and a School Business Manager who together have the executive responsibility for implementing the Governors' policies and delivering on the Objects of the Articles of Association. In accordance with the Academy Financial Handbook, the Trustees have appointed the Principal as the Trust's Accounting Officer.

The Academy's Vice Principals lead on delivery of the curriculum and structure; pastoral care, behaviour and discipline, teaching and learning and performance management, the Business Manager leads on matters of Finance and Corporate Services and manages the support function of the trust.

Arrangements for setting pay and remuneration of key management personnel

Key management personnel are considered to be the Members, the Board of Trustees, Local Governors and the Senior Leadership Team (SLT). With the exception of Staff Governors, who are paid only for their role as teachers in accordance with the School Teachers Pay and Conditions Document, no remuneration is paid to Members, Trustees or Local Governors.

Members of the Senior Leadership Team are paid on the Leadership scale using recognised pay and grading structures, in agreement with the appropriate Unions and in accordance with the School Teachers Pay and Conditions Document or the NJC National Agreement on Pay & Conditions of Service for Local Government Employees. Remuneration ranges are linked to the roles performed and the expectations of a senior leader within the Academy Trust. Members of the Senior Leadership Team undergo an annual performance management cycle. The criteria are set by the relevant body in order to allow assessment throughout the year of individuals' progress. The Principal's performance management is carried out by a panel of Trustees and Governors and includes an independent external assessor. The decision as to whether or not to award pay progression to a member of the SLT must be related and clearly attributable to the individual's performance.

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

Trade union facility time

Number of employees who were relevant union	Full-time equivalent employee number
officials during the relevant period	
2	2

Percentage of time spent on facility time

Percentage of time	Number of employees
0%	2
1%-50%	0
51%-99%	0
100%	0

Percentage of pay bill spent on facility time

Provide the total cost of facility time	0
Provide the total pay bill	£7,976,518
Provide the percentage of the total pay bill spent	0
on facility time, calculated as:	
(total cost of facility time ÷ total pay bill) × 100	

Paid trade union activities

Time spent on paid trade union activities as a	0
percentage of total paid facility time hours	
calculated as:	
(total hours spent on paid trade union activities	
by relevant union officials during the relevant	
period ÷ total paid facility time hours) × 100	

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

Related Parties and other Connected Charities and Organisations

The Academy Trust has forged excellent links with its local feeder primary schools. The Academy Trust's transition arrangements are linked with shared intervention strategies and aims to offer opportunities for students including science workshops, PE and sporting events, 'Super Saturday' opportunities and science workshops. This outreach also extends to year 11 pupils looking to join the sixth form with intervention and workshop opportunities.

Local community groups have access to the Academy Trust's extensive facilities at Camborne Science & International Academy including the main hall, sports hall, MUGA and sports fields. Local primary schools also have access to the extensive facilities at CSIA's Nexus site.

Unfortunately, during 2019-20, many of the opportunities were not available due to national school closures. The Academy is already researching how outreach can be conducted in a more virtual context for the coming year.

Objects and Aims

The principal object and activity of the charitable company is the operation of Camborne Science & International Academy (CSIA) in order to provide education for pupils of different abilities between the ages of 11 and 19, with an emphasis on science specialism and international links.

In accordance with the articles of association the Academy Trust's objects are restricted to the following:

- to advance for the public benefit education in the United Kingdom, in particular but without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, by establishing, maintaining, carrying on, managing and developing a school offering a broad and balanced curriculum and
- to promote for the benefit of the inhabitants of the areas in which the Academies are situated the provision of facilities for recreation or other leisure time occupation of individuals who have need of such facilities by reason of their youth, age, infirmity or disablement, financial hardship or social and economic circumstances or for the public at large in the interests of social welfare and with the object of improving the condition of life of the said inhabitants.

Objectives, Strategies and Activities

The main objectives of the Academy Trust during the year ended 31 August 2020 are summarised below:

- to obtain excellent examination results with excellent value added figures, including ensuring that intervention to Pupil Premium students results in the narrowing of the attainment gap
- to continue to build upon the success of Nexus, CSIA's well-resourced and focused 'Gifted and Talented' STEM provision, identifying individual student's talents and gifts, providing rigorous challenges and enhanced opportunities
- to offer our students great opportunities to develop themselves, help others and conserve our environment and planet
- to provide an environment which is both stimulating and challenging, not only within the Academy Trust complex, but further afield, in other countries
- · to maintain outstanding high standards of discipline and behaviour

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

- to continue to build upon the success of the CSIA VI Form Academy and CSMS, affording progression from Years 7-13 and facilitating the progression of our students to their university of choice.
- working with the global community and CSIA's partner schools across the globe affording students a real perspective on their education
- to maintain a highly motivated, dedicated and well qualified team of teachers and support staff who care deeply about our learning community and the young people in their care
- · a commitment to providing our students with an exciting range of extra-curricular activities.
- · to maintain outstanding facilities for the use of students, staff and the local community
- to continue with joint curriculum projects with schools around the world, including in-depth scientific research
- to provide professional development opportunities for staff, including teacher exchanges, joint collaborative research and curriculum projects
- · to develop character education within the academy

The Academy Trust feels it has achieved its stated aims during the year to 31 August 2020 as further detailed within the 'Achievements and Performance' section below. The global coronavirus pandemic had an impact on the ability to travel after February and therefore impacted on some of the external and internal trips planned.

Public Benefit

The Academy provides educational services to all children in the local area. The Trustees confirm that they have complied with the duty in Section 4 of the Charities Act 2006 to have due regard to the public benefit guidance provided by the Charity Commission.

The Trustees have ensured this by means of thorough review and monitoring of the Academy Trust's activities throughout the year.

Strategic Report

Achievements and Performance

In 2019/20 CSIA achieved a headline Progress 8 score of +0.37 which is probably in line with National Average (due to no national comparisons this year and based on 2019 P8 data). In English 87% of students achieved a grade 4+ and in Maths 78% achieved 4+, with 77% of students achieving 4+ English and Maths grades and 49% achieving 5+ English and Maths grades. At the top end of the ability range students performed well with over 33% of grades being 9-7. Nearly 83% of all grades were in the 9-4 grade range. The Attainment 8 score per student this year was 51.97.

Despite the students not sitting their examinations in 2019-20, the Trust is confident that the grades achieved by the students are fair and are in line with internal assessments.

During 2017-18, CSIA underwent an Ofsted inspection, with the report accessible via our website. As a school we were delighted with the report which highlighted and celebrated so many of our school's great strengths and achievements. In all categories of the inspection the school was described as 'Good', with an overall judgement that CSIA is a 'Good School'.

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

This was a very strong 'Good' endorsement indeed from the inspectors and they believe the school to be extremely well placed to achieve even greater success in the coming years.

The school remained open for the period of lockdown for vulnerable students and children of keyworkers. The number of students was very small at the beginning of school closure but increased significantly towards the end of the term - which also included extra provision for on-site teaching for year 10s and 12s as directed by the DfE. We made the decision to keep our kitchen open during the lockdown period and provided all vulnerable students with a cooked meal every lunchtime. The provision on site involved covering the students lessons with a more co-curricular offering in the afternoon. The increase in students attending by the end of the term was due to our unrelenting efforts in targeting those vulnerable students who we believe needed support and increased confidence in the wider community in the provision we were offering.

Our on-line teaching followed that of students timetables. Students who did not have access to IT at home were provided with home learning packs. Government laptops were loaned to vulnerable students although these arrived quite late in the term. Non engaging students were contacted regularly to challenge and to seek parental support.

The school remained open during every school holiday and during the Easter break bank holidays to ensure support for the community was in place.

We are confident of the support we put in place to support students and continue their teaching.

Key Performance Indicators

Our School Improvement Plan (SIP) Plan linked to the 3 year budget plan carefully lays out the areas for improvement which we have identified and we will regularly review performance to ensure we achieve our strategic targets.

Those targets and KPIs for the 2019/20 financial year were as follows:

- To ensure the School Budget does not overspend against the estimated budget plan agreed for the 2019/20 financial year.
- To ensure income invested from reserves receives the best possible balance of investment return with the minimum of risk of losing liquidity; despite the vast reduction in interest rates
- To ensure staffing levels across both support staff and teaching staff achieve best value delivery and are regularly monitored to reflect current and future need/trends in educational initiatives.
- To ensure a healthy and safe working environment with the use of secure risk assessment strategy and property management structures. Ensure all areas of statutory compliance are complete, with regular Health and Safety reports, and with the key findings actioned.

The above KPIs have all been achieved in the 2019/20 financial year and we will continue to meet these in the next financial periods.

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

Going Concern

The school has not been adversely affected financially by Covid-19, due to having the reserves to cover the expenditure necessary. The disruption caused in the Spring Term resulted in the school putting in a grant claim for exceptional costs totalling £18k which has been received in the 2020/21 financial year.

The trust retains significant cash reserves of £1,281k, however the Trust is budgeting deficits for the next 3 financial years, including a £698k deficit for 2020/21. The trust can currently cover the projected 12-month deficit and the budget has been based on a worst-case scenario. The budget set for 2020-21 was set on a prudent basis during a very uncertain time due to Covid and the late announcement of key items - such as teacher pay scales. The senior team are already identifying areas in which this can be pulled back to reduce the budgeted deficit. The Trust are therefore anticipating making further savings in the year which will improve the position. The school have a secured funding stream from the ESFA along with increased anticipated pupil numbers year on year which will increase the overall government funding.

As a growing academy, CSIA is teaching 100 extra pupils than it is funded for over the next two years - which at £5k minimum funding guarantee equates to a funding shortfall of £500k. Therefore, the forecast deficit and reduction of reserves to support the teaching of these students over the next two years is justified, after which the trust aims to set a budget based on in-year funding.

After making appropriate enquiries, the board of trustees has a reasonable expectation that the academy trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason it continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the Statement of Accounting Policies.

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

Financial Review

The Academy Trust held fund balances at 31 August 2020 of £17,578,599 (2019: £17,965,310) comprising £179,163 (2019: £590,035) of restricted general funds, £733,324 (2019: £721,190) of unrestricted general funds, restricted fixed assets of £20,060,112 (2019: £19,294,085) and a pension reserve deficit of £3,394,000 (2019: £2,640,000). The Academy has a positive General Annual Grant carry-forward of £154,187 (2019: £562,275).

In accordance with the Funding Agreement, the principal source of general funding with which to finance the operations of the Academy Trust is the Education and Skills Funding Agency. £283,009 (2019: £122,649) of general funding was spent on capital items.

The Academy Trust spent £370,996 (2019: £722,963) on fixed assets. One large scale capital project was completed using revenue funding during the year in order to allow CIF bids applications to focus on more complex health and safety related issues that we are more likely to be successful in.

The final building on the Nexus site in need of refurbishment was the Hall; previously in a an unusable state, the Trust commissioned a full refurbishment to create a multi-purpose space which now makes all areas of the Nexus site able to be fully utilised. This is needed as numbers grow across the academy and more students are using the Nexus site on a daily basis.

The Trust was unsuccessful in securing CIF funding in the 2019 round but has since been successful in the 2020 round securing £962k for Fire Protection Phase Two. However, due to Covid-19, the funding announcement was delayed and the project was not able to commence in order to be finished in September 2020. Following careful consideration and due to having to return to school under unprecedented circumstances due to Covid-19, the Trustees and Senior Team have agreed to postpone commencement of the project to Spring/Summer 2021.

The other major area for focussed capital expenditure this year was replacement of a boiler in DT, following an analysis of need and competitive tender process.

The pension fund is in a deficit with a closing balance of £3,394,000 (2019: £2,640,000). As a result of this deficit, additional contributions of £58,200 (2019: £54,252) were paid into the fund, which is included within charitable expenditure in the SOFA.

Reserves Policy

In a period of increased uncertainty around schools funding; with teacher pay grants only confirmed to April 2021, increased expenditure relating to Teachers pension costs with funding being confirmed on a year by year basis, the CSIA Trust continue to employ robust, prudent budget and forecasting measures to ensure that the reserves generated in previous years can provide for the ongoing financial security of the Trust.

The Government has committed to increasing funding for the next year but pressures of pension deficits, increased employer contributions, incremental drift, inflation, and the increased staffing demands of a growing roll with lagged funding, the Trust's reserves will be utilised over the medium term to support these cost pressures and mitigate in-year shortfalls. Over a number of years now, the academy is teaching more students than it is funded for which is having a negative effect on held reserves, but this is a known and managed situation which will change once our period of growth ends - projected 2022-23 and we are funded for the amount of students we have present in school. At 31 August 2020 unrestricted general reserves of £733,324 (2019: £721,190) and GAG reserves of £154,187 (2019: £592,275) were being held to support ongoing capital expenditure, whole school educational initiatives and protect against further funding cuts.

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

It is therefore the policy of the Trust that, whilst being mindful of accrued reserves not being immediately spent, the Trust has to protect the interests of students against longer term volatility both educationally and financially.

Regular reviews against long term budgets will continue and policy will adjust accordingly and in line with long term projections.

Investment Policy

The cash balances held by the Trust are invested in interest earning bank accounts at the best rate which can be obtained. The Trust works closely with its Banking Relationship Manager in order to ensure funds are placed on the most appropriate deposits to continue to provide a balance of return and security.

Principal Risks and Uncertainties

The principal risk facing the Academy Trust continues to be the uncertainty over future levels of Government Funding, teacher pay increments which are not funded together with pupil number volatility in the catchment area. This risk is managed by careful control over budgeted expenditure which ensures that in year deficits remain within levels that are managed in line with future projected pupil number increases and prudent use of reserves. The Trustees have also self-assessed financial and governance arrangements by completing the Academies Financial Management and Governance Evaluation which was submitted to the Education and Skills Funding Agency at the start of academisation and the trust undertook the School Resource Management and Self-Assessment tool, and they remain satisfied with the overall assessment of good financial management with outstanding features within its control process. This is supported by a strong history of positive audit reports both internally and externally.

During the period of school closure, there was a quick move to a revised process whereby payments can be made to suppliers, whilst still ensuring correct authorisation levels and sharing of management reports.

The Trustees use the Risk Register, and Business Continuity Plan, as defined in the Academies Financial Handbook to evaluate strategic and reputational, operational, compliance, and financial risks to which the Trust is exposed and have ensured that the management structure, systems and controls are in place to mitigate these risks, as well as insurance to cover financial loss and legal exposure.

The Board of Trustees ensures regular review of risks through the reporting provided by the Senior Leadership Team to the aforementioned Committees and Local Governing Board. The Audit Scrutiny Committee meets, and reports to the Full Board of Trustees, at least once per term.

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

The key areas of the Business Continuity Plan and Risk Assessment matrix are as follows:

Financial uncertainty of pupil intake, together with uncertain funding streams arising from the changes to school funding introduced in April 2018, with a transition period until 2020: As discussed above the Trust's reserves policy allows for a strong level of reserves balance over the medium term to mitigate this risk and provide stability in the staffing levels and thus deliver a sustainable curriculum. Thanks to another good intake this year, student numbers are continuing to increase and the Trust's financial planning aims to ensure appropriate reserves are available to allow delivery of the immediate funding requirement to service these increased numbers, while also ensuring the related forecast in-year deficit is recoverable in future periods.

Information Technology, uncertainty of delivery or failure of critical systems, leading to a breakdown in communications, operational/curriculum delivery and retrievable data: The Trust ensures not only that we have the latest virus and firewall software but also that all data backups are tested regularly to ensure absolute integrity.

Environmental, uncertainty of building suitability or compliance, fire, flood, etc leading to accident or injury: The Trust has a robust Service Level Agreement in place to ensure all areas are checked and made compliant to the latest Health and Safety regulations. The Trust employs specialists who are competent in undertaking any remedial works and this is reviewed throughout the year.

Reputational, confidence and trust of key stakeholder groups: The Trust has a structured 'checks and balances' culture, a very experienced Senior Leadership Team and bought in professional services of HR, Media and Financial Audit. The Trust has built a very strong ethos and a reputation for a quality educational provision. This is and will continue to be subject to ongoing constant review, ingrained in all senior leaders and cascaded down to all levels of staff.

Human risk of loss of skills or errors made: The Trust has significant insurance for Staff, Trustees and building risks liabilities. Staff training in key areas are undertaken where needed. Key roles in staffing which are critical to the smooth running of the Trust and its member school are shadowed to ensure continuity in the event of sickness or staff leaving.

The Trustees are satisfied that the Trust has good Risk Management procedures in place to address the key risks and uncertainties. These are reviewed annually by the Audit Scrutiny committee, making any recommendations from lessons learned throughout the year.

Fundraising

The Trust does not participate in large scale fundraising activities; however we do seek support from individually identified external organisations and local businesses where it is deemed appropriate for a specified project or initiative, and where it can be ascertained that any external organisation's aims align with that of the Trust.

The Trustees are aware of their responsibilities within the updated Charity Commission publication "Charity fundraising: a guide to trustee duties (CC20)"

Plans for Future Periods

In order to build upon our excellent Ofsted report to take CSIA to even more impressive levels of success and accolade the Trust will continue to maintain our relentless drive in raising standards to fulfil the maximum potential achievement of our students; building not only on the outstanding exam results of recent years, but also ensuring that all students are offered every opportunity to achieve wider success to the very best of their ability.

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

The Trust will continue to raise results through partnerships with other schools, in particular our partner primary schools, focusing on literacy and numeracy intervention programs and supported transition arrangements. This has moved to a more digital platform of late due to the covid pandemic but we continue to look at innovative ways to still provide this. As a successful organisation both financially and academically, the Academy Trust continues to seek to invite new schools to form partnerships through a trust model and create a collaborative educational platform from which to share good practice, financial economies of scale, shared human resource and talent in order to improve the life chances for students within this community.

To continue to build upon and nurture our relationships with educational establishments across the globe, engaging our students to embrace worldwide cultures through our extensive International Programme. Whilst there has been a vast reduction in our international program during 2019-20, these important relationships are continuing in 2020-21 in a virtual capacity.

To ensure best value is achieved throughout the procurement chain, collaborative tenders where appropriate and greater use of collaborative frameworks including the works done through approved partners.

To maintain the latest information technology investments in infrastructure including the development of inter-site communications between schools.

To focus on developing and continuing the success of Nexus which is home to CSIA's Gifted Programmes - a unique program providing a curriculum which is the only one of its kind in the UK. These Programmes offer students who are especially able a chance to thrive and shine in their chosen field of study through a bespoke curriculum designed to engage and challenge gifted learners. Alongside this specially designed curriculum, students experience a rich co-curricular programme that complements the curriculum and deepens and develops the scholarship of these students. From 2020-21, students can now offer a STEM (science, technology, engineering and maths) or NLA (Nexus Liberal Arts).

To continue to build upon the success of the CSIA VI Form Academy as a growth area of the school, for future years as larger year groups move through the school and as an alternative offer for other school leavers in Cornwall. The VI Form Academy is an academic sixth form which achieves excellent results for students and boasts a continued 100% pass rate across all subjects with progress remaining in the top 10% of the country.

CSMS (Cornwall School of Mathematics and Science) is part of the VI Form Academy and is our specialist programme for students, based on our Nexus campus, where students can work and thrive in a place surrounded by other students and staff who have a passion for Maths and Science alongside a rich co-curricular program of lectures, seminars, workshops and additional tutoring. This provision is a key growth target area for the Trust, especially for students from other schools.

In the coming year the Trust plans to grow both the VI Form Academy and CSMS providing excellent specialist teaching and enrichment for the most ambitious students in Cornwall, preparing them for the most competitive courses at the best universities in the UK.

To focus on continued bid success for capital projects through CIF (Capital Improvement Fund) with a further grant application for the completion of outstanding roof renewals and a kitchen refurbishment project, both on the main site - subject to funding to further improve the quality and safety of the learning environment and facilities we are able to offer our students, staff and the community.

Trustees Report for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

Funds Held as Custodian Trustee on Behalf of Others

The Trust acts as an agent for the ESFA with regards to the 16-19 Bursary Fund. The fund provides financial support for sixth form students to overcome specific barriers to participation so they can remain in education. The funds are managed separately by way of an internal application process and are held separately from the main school funding with the management report and monitored separately.

Auditor

In so far as the Trustees are aware:

- There is no relevant audit information of which the charitable company's auditor is unaware; and
- the Trustees have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information.

Trustees' Report, incorporating a Strategic Report, was approved by order of the members of the board of trustees on ...2...12....2.0 and signed on its behalf by:

Roger Penwarden (Chairperson)

Trustee

Governance Statement

Scope of responsibility

As trustees, we acknowledge we have overall responsibility for ensuring that The CSIA Trust has an effective and appropriate system of control, financial and otherwise. However such a system is designed to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve business objectives, and can provide only reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The board of trustees has delegated the day-to-day responsibility to lan Kenworthy, as Accounting Officer, for ensuring financial controls conform with the requirements of both propriety and good financial management and in accordance with the requirements and responsibilities assigned to it in the funding agreement between The CSIA Trust and the Secretary of State for Education. They are also responsible for reporting to the board of trustees any material weaknesses or breakdowns in internal control.

Governance

The information on governance included here supplements that described in the Trustee's Report and in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities. The board of trustees has formally met 4 times during the year, whilst also meeting in a joint fashion with governors to cover the closure of school due to the coronavirus pandemic and this is indicated in the table below. Due to Coronavirus, towards the end of the year, meetings were held jointly with the local governing board remotely. Attendance during the year at meetings of the board of trustees was as follows:

Trustee	Meetings Attended	Out of a Possible	Joint Meetings attended	Out of a possible
Roger Penwarden (Charperson)	4	4	3	3
Andrew Wetherlet	4	4	3	3
John Weedon	4	4	2	3
Ian Kenworthy (Principal)	4	4	3	3

Governance reviews

The Board of Trustees undertake a review of effectiveness and skill sets required for each committee and Local Governing Board. Members are selected from both the Board of Trustees and Local Governing Board according to their background and relevant skills. Extra Governors were recruited to the local governing board in 2019-20.

The members of the Audit Scrutiny committee were adjusted during 2017-18 to contain a majority of trustees in order to comply with the Academies Financial Handbook amendments. Types of Trustees e.g. Parents, Co-opted etc. are sought as vacancies arise and review takes place by the Chair of Trustees and, where applicable, the Chair of the Local Governing Body when seeking new appointments, balancing the needs of the Board and Committee structure. As The CSIA Trust continues to be one of the consistently top performing state secondary schools in the county, it has been concluded that the governance structure and all members thereof have a good overall awareness and contribute well to debate.

The Local Governing Board oversees Personnel, Finance and Premises issues. Attendance at the Local Governing Board meetings, some of which were joint with Trustees, was as follows:

Governance Statement (continued)

Governor	Meetings Attended	Out of a Possible	Joint Meetings attended	Out of a possible
Claire Harvey (Chair)	Attended	2	3	3
		2	3	2
Ian Kenworthy (Principal)	2		3	3
Patricia Knights	2	2	3	3
Nicola Burgess	1	2	0	3
Timothy Johns	2	2	3	3
John Ross	2	2	3	3
Sam Jones	0	1	3	3
Naomi Dower	1	1	3	3

The Audit and Scrutiny Committee is a sub-committee of the main board of trustees. The committee undertook a review of its terms of reference at the beginning of 2019 to ensure it was fit for purpose in terms of the Academies Financial Handbook. Its purpose is to provide assurance to the Board over suitability of and compliance with financial systems and operational controls to ensure that risks are being adequately identified and managed.

During 2019-20, the committee undertook a program of works; based on the risk register, focusing on the following key areas:

- · Key financial controls
- Pupil numbers
- Insurance risk
- · Pupil premium funding
- · Risks that the budget will be in deficit
- · Health and safety

Attendance at meetings during the year was as follows:

Trustee	Meetings attended	Out of a possible
Nicola Burgess	1	1
Timothy Johns	2	2
Andrew Wetherelt	3	3
John Weedon	3	3

Review of Value for Money

As accounting officer the trustee has responsibility for ensuring that the Academy Trust delivers good value in the use of public resources. The Accounting Officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

The Accounting Officer considers how the Academy Trust's use of its resources has provided good value for money during each academic year, and reports to the Board of Trustees where value for money can be improved, including the use of benchmarking data where appropriate. As Accounting Officer the Principal has responsibility for ensuring that the Academy Trust delivers good value in the use of public resources. The Accounting Officer understands that value for money refers to the educational and wider societal outcomes achieved in return for the taxpayer resources received.

Governance Statement (continued)

The CSIA Trust adheres to the principals of Best Value of Challenge, Compare, Consult, Compete in all procurement limit decisions. The Trust has over many years sought best value from all contracts and service level agreements in order to procure the best value for students with the funding available.

On 1 September 2015 CSIA became The CSIA Trust, a Multi Academy Trust (MAT), having previously (during the spring/summer term 2015) sponsored a local free school, St Michael's Catholic Secondary School. Having undertaken a cost/benefit efficiency review on both the financial and educational viability, it became clear that St Michael's School was no longer a viable going concern; therefore following a robust consultation process, and acting with the full support of the DfE, on 1 September 2016 St Michael's was closed. The site is now home to Nexus and CSMS (Cornwall School of Maths and Science) an established element of The CSIA Trust. The initial years saw cost savings amongst staffing and other contracts as they became for one school. Following significant CIF bid success, the Nexus/CSMS site is now an essential element for the growth of the academy.

During 2019-20, the Trust undertook a joint cleaning tender along with 3 other local schools with a view to reducing the cost of going to tender and with an aim of procuring a collective lower cost better value contract. The resulting contract did not produce the major cost savings expected by going to a joint tender but did provide Governors with a proposal based on cost as well as other factors to consider, resulting in a decision which was in the best interest of the Trust and wider factors.

The Trust continues to question and review all service level agreements and subscriptions, reducing automatic renewals and ensuring the need for each service is justified each year. Smaller school funded capital works, such as a new boiler with the DT block have undergone a robust quotation process to ensure funding is utilised for the best value to meet the needs of the Trust at that time.

Focus continues to be on ensuring the economies, efficiencies and effectiveness of the combined sites does not impact on the overall going concern of The CSIA Trust. This will need to be measured against cost pressures and expected increase in pupil numbers, but due to lagged learner funding through GAG will take time to filter though into financial sustainability.

The Academy remained open for vulnerable students and key workers through the period of school closure with skeletal staff in school whilst the remainder teaching staff taught students from home and support staff where possible worked on a rota basis or worked at home. During the period, there was an understood but frustrating speed at which guidance came out to schools to deal with the period of closure.

It soon became apparent that as a public funded organisation, any decisions on cost savings during a period of school closure would be taken away from the Trust and be imposed. Public Procurement Notices 02/20 & 04/20 were implemented as required meaning that contracts were still paid in full where the work was not being undertaken in full - eg cleaning contract to protect the wider work force. The area of the largest impact was that of contingent workers whereby the Trust had to continue to pay for the cost of 80% of any agency supply staff until the end of the school year despite them not working for the academy. Academies were also not able to furlough staff but rather to continue to pay those members of staff whose jobs were not conducive to home working.

The effect of Covid-19 on the workforce was also a challenge - the expectation of staff to work at home whilst caring for their own families and to work in school on a rota basis where they were able to support the in-school provision and this grew as the school year progressed. The need to implement PPE, enhanced cleaning provision and reorganise the structure of the school day for September had a massive financial and time cost, whilst also trying to recruit new Teachers virtually for the 2020-21 academic year. The free school meal voucher scheme for all students was a huge administrative burden on the organisation with the national voucher scheme being often unavailable other than at extremely unsociable hours.

Governance Statement (continued)

The effect of school closures definitely had an adverse effect on value for money and the ability to operate in an efficient and effective manner.

The Purpose of the System of Internal Control

The system of internal control is designed to manage risk to a reasonable level rather than to eliminate all risk of failure to achieve policies, aims and objectives. It can, therefore, only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance of effectiveness. The system of internal control is based on an on-going process designed to identify and prioritise the risks to the achievement of academy trust policies, aims and objectives, to evaluate the likelihood of those risks being realised and the impact should they be realised, and to manage them efficiently, effectively and economically. The system of internal control has been in place in The CSIA Trust for the year ended 31 August 2020 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements.

Capacity to Handle Risk

The board of trustees has reviewed the key risks to which the academy trust is exposed together with the operating, financial and compliance controls that have been implemented to mitigate those risks. The board of trustees is of the view that there is a formal on-going process for identifying, evaluating and managing the academy trust's significant risks that has been in place for the year ending 31 August 2020 and up to the date of approval of the annual report and financial statements. This process is regularly reviewed by the board of trustees.

The Risk and Control Framework

The academy trust's system of internal financial control is based on a framework of regular management information and administrative procedures including the segregation of duties and a system of delegation and accountability. In particular, it includes:

- comprehensive budgeting and monitoring systems with an annual budget and periodic financial reports which are reviewed and agreed by the board of trustees;
- regular reviews by the Local Governing Board of reports which indicate financial performance against the forecasts and of major purchase plans, capital works and expenditure programmes;
- setting targets to measure financial and other performance;
- · clearly defined purchasing (asset purchase or capital investment) guidelines;
- · delegation of authority and segregation of duties;
- · identification and management of risks.

The board of trustees has considered the need for a specific internal audit function and has decided:

 not to appoint an internal auditor. However the Trustees have appointed PKF Francis Clark, the external auditor, to perform additional checks.

The internal auditor's role includes giving advice on financial and other matters and performing a range of checks on the academy trust's financial and other systems. In particular, the checks carried out in the current period included key financial controls and the risk that the budget will be in deficit.

The second set of internal controls was planned but did not take place due to the period of lockdown - in agreement with the ASC, all suggested follow ups from the first review were undertaken for a smaller second check. This was felt sufficient due the positive first report and the small number of items commented on.

Due to the new Ethical Standard, Francis Clark can no longer undertake the role as internal auditor, we are currently in the process of appointing a new internal auditor.

Governance Statement (continued)

Review of Effectiveness

As Accounting Officer, Ian Kenworthy has responsibility for reviewing the effectiveness of the system of internal control. During the year in question the review has been informed by:

- · the programme of internal control checking;
- · the work of the external auditor;
- the financial management and governance self assessment process;
- the work of the executive managers within the Academy Trust who have responsibility for the development and maintenance of the internal control framework.

The Accounting Officer has been advised of the implications of the result of their review of the system of internal control by the Local Governing Board and a plan to address weaknesses and ensure continuous improvement of the system is in place.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees on $\frac{2}{12}\frac{12}{20}$ and signed on its behalf by:

Roger Penwarden (Chairperson)

Trustee

lan Kenworthy (Principal)

Accounting Officer

Trustee

Statement of Regularity, Propriety and Compliance

As Accounting Officer of The CSIA Trust I have considered my responsibility to notify the academy trust board of trustees and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) of material irregularity, impropriety and non-compliance with terms and conditions of all funding received by the academy trust, under the funding agreement in place between the academy trust and the Secretary of State for Education. As part of my consideration I have had due regard to the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook 2019.

I confirm that I and the academy trust board of trustees are able to identify any material irregular or improper use of all funds by the academy trust, or material non-compliance with the terms and conditions of funding under the academy trust's funding agreement and the Academies Financial Handbook 2019.

I confirm that no instances of material irregularity, impropriety or funding non-compliance have been discovered to date. If any instances are identified after the date of this statement, these will be notified to the board of trustees and ESFA.

Ian Kenworthy Accounting Officer

Date: 20/1/2021

Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities

The Trustees (who act as the governors of The CSIA Trust and are also the directors of the charitable company for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the Trustees Report and the financial statements in accordance with the Annual Accounts Direction published by the Education and Skills Funding Agency, United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the Trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020;
- · make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards [FRS 102] have been followed, subject to any
 material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The Trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The Trustees are responsible for ensuring that in its conduct and operation the charitable company applies financial and other controls, which conform with the requirements both of propriety and of good financial management. They are also responsible for ensuring grants received from the ESFA/DfE have been applied for the purposes intended.

The Trustees are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the charitable company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Approved by order of the members of the board of trustees on $\frac{02/12/20}{12}$ and signed on its behalf

Roger Penwarden (Chairperson)

Trustee

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements to the Members of The CSIA Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The CSIA Trust (the 'Academy') for the year ended 31 August 2020, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities incorporating Income and Expenditure Account, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Academy's affairs as at 31 August 2020 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, the Charities SORP 2019 and the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Academy in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Trustees' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Trustees have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the Academy's ability to continue to adopt the going concern
 basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial
 statements are authorised for issue.

Other information (covers the Reference and Administrative Details, the Trustees Report Strategic Report and the Governance Statement)

The Trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements to the Members of The CSIA Trust (continued)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Trustees Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- · the Trustees Report been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Trustees Report .

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of Trustees' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities [set out on page 21], the Trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Trustees are responsible for assessing the Academy's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Trustees either intend to liquidate the Academy or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent Auditor's Report on the Financial Statements to the Members of The CSIA Trust (continued)

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Academy's Members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Academy's Members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Academy's Members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

PKF Fronces Clark

Darren Perry BA (Hons) ACA DChA (Senior Statutory Auditor) PKF Francis Clark, Statutory Auditor

Lowin House Tregolls Rd Truro Cornwall TR1 2NA

Date: 28 January 2021

Independent Reporting Accountant's Assurance Report on Regularity to The CSIA Trust and the Education and Skills Funding Agency

In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 9 December 2020 and further to the requirements of the Education and Skills Funding Agency (ESFA) as included in the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020, we have carried out an engagement to obtain limited assurance about whether the expenditure disbursed and income received by The CSIA Trust during the period 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020 have been applied to the purposes identified by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

This report is made solely to The CSIA Trust and the ESFA in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to The CSIA Trust and the ESFA those matters we are required to state in a report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than The CSIA Trust and the ESFA, for our work, for this report, or for the conclusion we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of The CSIA Trust's Accounting Officer and the reporting Accountant

The Accounting Officer is responsible, under the requirements of The CSIA Trust's funding agreement with the Secretary of State for Education dated 1 March 2011 and the Academies Financial Handbook, extant from 1 September 2019, for ensuring that expenditure disbursed and income received is applied for the purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions conform to the authorities which govern them.

Our responsibilities for this engagement are established in the United Kingdom by our profession's ethical guidance and are to obtain limited assurance and report in accordance with our engagement letter and the requirements of the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020. We report to you whether anything has come to our attention in carrying out our work which suggests that in all material respects, expenditure disbursed and income received during the year from 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020 have not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament or that the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Approach

We conducted our engagement in accordance with the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020 issued by ESFA. We performed a limited assurance engagement as defined in our engagement letter.

The objective of a limited assurance engagement is to perform such procedures as to obtain information and explanations in order to provide us with sufficient appropriate evidence to express a negative conclusion on regularity.

A limited assurance engagement is more limited in scope than a reasonable assurance engagement and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in a reasonable assurance engagement. Accordingly, we do not express a positive opinion.

Our engagement includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the regularity and propriety of the academy trust's income and expenditure.

The work undertaken to draw to our conclusion includes:

- · Inspection and review of documentation providing evidence of governance procedures;
- Evaluation of the system of internal controls for authorisation and approval;
- · Performing substantive tests on relevant transactions.

Independent Reporting Accountant's Assurance Report on Regularity to The CSIA Trust and the Education and Skills Funding Agency (continued)

Conclusion

In the course of our work nothing has come to our attention which suggests that in all material respects the expenditure disbursed and income received during the year from 1 September 2019 to 31 August 2020 has not been applied to purposes intended by Parliament and the financial transactions do not conform to the authorities which govern them.

Darren Perry BA (Hons) ACA DChA
PKF Francis Clark, Chartered Accountants

KF Francis Clark

Lowin House Tregolls Rd Truro Cornwall TR1 2NA

Date: 28 January 2021

The CSIA Trust

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (including Income and Expenditure Account)

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	2019/20 Total £
Income and endowments t	rom:				
Donations and capital grants	2	1,141	-	993,089	994,230
Charitable activities: Funding for the Academy Trust's educational					
operations	3	7,532	9,209,726	-	9,217,258
Other trading activities	4	54,575	-	-	54,575
Investments	5	2,926		_	2,926
Total		66,174	9,209,726	993,089	10,268,989
Expenditure on:					
Raising funds	6	40,159	-	=	40,159
Charitable activities: Academy trust educational operations	7	1,290	9,638,180	510,071	10,149,541
Total		41,449	9,638,180	510,071	10,189,700
			The state of the s		
Net income/(expenditure)		24,725	(428,454)	483,018	79,289
Transfers between funds		(12,592)	(270,417)	283,009	_
Other recognised gains and losses Actuarial gain on defined					
benefit pension schemes	23		(466,000)		(466,000)
Net movement in funds/(deficit)		12,133	(1,164,871)	766,027	(386,711)
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds/(deficit) brought forward at 1 September 2019		721,191	(2,049,966)	19,294,085	17,965,310
Total funds/(deficit) carried forward at 31 August 2020		733,324	(3,214,837)	20,060,112	17,578,599

The CSIA Trust

Statement of Financial Activities for the Year Ended 31 August 2019 (including Income and Expenditure Account)

	Note	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted General Funds £	Restricted Fixed Asset Funds £	2018/19 Total £
Income and endowments f		~	~		
Donations and capital	OIII.				
grants	2	4,255	=	144,345	148,600
Charitable activities: Funding for the Academy Trust's educational					
operations	3	3,295	8,432,748	-	8,436,043
Other trading activities	4	74,229	-	-	74,229
Investments	5	5,743	Example of the second s		5,743
Total		87,522	8,432,748	144,345	8,664,615
Expenditure on: Raising funds	6	25,420	-	-	25,420
Charitable activities: Academy trust educational operations	7	21,915	8,654,644	528,481	9,205,040
Total		47,335	8,654,644	528,481	9,230,460
Net income/(expenditure)		40,187	(221,896)	(384,136)	(565,845)
Transfers between funds		(122,649)	-	122,649	-
Other recognised gains and losses Actuarial gain on defined					
benefit pension schemes	23	_	(749,000)		(749,000)
Net movement in deficit		(82,462)	(970,896)	(261,487)	(1,314,845)
Reconciliation of funds					
Total funds/(deficit) brought forward at 1 September 2018		803,653	(1,079,070)	19,555,572	19,280,155
Total funds/(deficit) carried forward at 31 August 2019		721,191	(2,049,966)	19,294,085	17,965,310

(Registration number: 07551989) Balance Sheet as at 31 August 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	11	19,103,411	19,245,740
Current assets			
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	12	1,170,055	257,355
Salar at Salar and III Harid		1,281,007	1,685,011
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	40	2,451,062	1,942,366
en	13	(571,424)	(570,256)
Net current assets		1,879,638	1,372,110
Total assets less current liabilities		20,983,049	20,617,850
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	14	(10,450)	(12,540)
Net assets excluding pension liability		20,972,599	20,605,310
Defined benefit pension scheme liability	23	(3,394,000)	(2,640,000)
Total assets		17,578,599	17,965,310
Funds of the Academy:			
Restricted funds			
Restricted general fund		179,163	590,034
Restricted fixed asset fund		20,060,112	19,294,085
Restricted pension fund		(3,394,000)	(2,640,000)
		16,845,275	17,244,119
Unrestricted funds			
Unrestricted general fund		733,324	721,191
Total funds	:	17,578,599	17,965,310

The financial state ments on pages 27 to 54 were approved by the Trustees, and authorised for issue on $\frac{2}{12}$.

Roger Penwarden (Chairperson)

Trustee 7

Ian Kenworthy (Principal)

Trustee

Page 29

The CSIA Trust
Statement of Cash Flows for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Cash flows from operating activities Net cash used in operating activities	18	(1,030,187)	(28,443)
Cash flows from investing activities	20	628,273	(575,275)
Cash flows from financing activities	19	(2,090)	14,631
Change in cash and cash equivalents in the year		(404,004)	(589,087)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 September		1,685,011	2,274,098
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 August	21	1,281,007	1,685,011

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020

1 Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies adopted (which have been applied consistently, except where noted), judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty, is set out below.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements of the Academy Trust, which is a public benefit entity under FRS 102, have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard Applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102), the Accounting and Reporting by Charities: Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)), the Academies Accounts Direction 2019 to 2020 issued by ESFA, the Charities Act 2011 and the Companies Act 2006.

The CSIA Trust meets the definition of a public benefit entity under FRS 102.

Going concern

The Trustees assess whether the use of going concern is appropriate i.e. whether there are any material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. The Trustees make this assessment in respect of a period of one year from the date of approval of the financial statements. The Trustees have concluded that the Academy Trust has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and there are no material uncertainties about the Academy Trust's ability to continue as a going concern, thus they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Income

All incoming resources are recognised when the academy trust has entitlement to the funds, the receipt is probable and the amount can be measured reliably.

Grants

Grants are included in the Statement of Financial Activities on a receivable basis. The balance of income received for specific purposes but not expended during the period is shown in the relevant funds on the balance sheet. Where income is received in advance of meeting any performance-related conditions there is not unconditional entitlement to the income and its recognition is deferred and included in creditors as deferred income until the performance-related conditions are met. Where entitlement occurs before income is received, the income is accrued.

General Annual Grant is recognised in full in the Statement of Financial Activities in the year for which it is receivable and any abatement in respect of the period is deducted from income and recognised as a liability.

Capital grants are recognised in full when there is an unconditional entitlement to the grant. Unspent amounts of capital grants are reflected in the balance sheet in the restricted fixed asset fund. Capital grants are spent on capital projects in line with the terms and conditions of the grant. Capital grants are recognised when there is entitlement and are not deferred over the life of the asset on which they are expended.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Donations

Donations are recognised on a receivable basis (where there are no performance-related conditions) where the receipt is probable and the amount can be reliably measured.

Other income

Other income, including the hire of facilities, is recognised in the period it is receivable and to the extent the academy trust has provided the goods or services.

Donated goods, facilities and services

Where the donated good is a fixed asset it is measured at fair value, unless it is impractical to measure this reliably, in which case the cost of the item to the donor should be used. The gain is recognised as income from donations and a corresponding amount is included in the appropriate fixed asset category and depreciated over the useful economic life in accordance with the Academy Trust's accounting policies.

Expenditure

Expenditure is recognised once there is a legal or constructive obligation to transfer economic benefit to a third party, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be measured reliably. Expenditure is classified by activity. The costs of each activity are made up of the total of direct costs and shared costs, including support costs involved in undertaking each activity. Direct costs attributable to a single activity are allocated directly to that activity. Shared costs which contribute to more than one activity and support costs which are not attributable to a single activity are apportioned between those activities on a basis consistent with the use of resources. Central staff costs are allocated on the basis of time spent, and depreciation charges allocated on the portion of the asset's use.

All resources expended are inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Expenditure on raising funds

This includes all expenditure incurred by the academy trust to raise funds for its charitable purposes and includes costs of all fundraising activities events and non-charitable trading.

Charitable activities

These are costs incurred on the academy trust's educational operations, including support costs and costs relating to the governance of the academy trust apportioned to charitable activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Tangible fixed assets

Assets costing £500 or more are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are carried at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Where tangible fixed assets have been acquired with the aid of specific grants, either from the government or from the private sector, they are included in the Balance Sheet at cost and depreciated over their expected useful economic life. The related grants are credited to a restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of Financial Activities and carried forward in the Balance Sheet. Depreciation on such assets is charged to the restricted fixed asset fund in the Statement of Financial Activities so as to reduce the fund over the useful economic life of the related asset on a basis consistent with the Academy Trust's depreciation policy.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets other than land, at rates calculated to write off the cost of each asset over its expected useful lives, per the table below.

Assets in the course of construction are included at cost. Depreciation on these assets is not charged until they are brought into use.

A review for impairment of a fixed asset is carried out if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of any fixed asset may not be recoverable. Shortfalls between the carrying value of fixed assets and their recoverable amounts are recognised as impairments. Impairment losses are recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities.

Asset class

Freehold and Leasehold buildings
Furniture and equipment
Motor vehicles
Computer equipment

Depreciation method and rate

2% Straight line 10 - 20% Straight line 25% Straight line 33% Straight line

Liabilities

Liabilities are recognised when there is an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that a transfer of economic benefit will be required in settlement, and the amount of the settlement can be estimated reliably. Liabilities are recognised at the amount that the academy trust anticipates it will pay to settle the debt or the amount it has received as advanced payments for the goods or services it must provide.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the academy trust has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event which it is probable will result in the transfer of economic benefits and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation. Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the provision is based on the present value of those amounts, discounted at the pre-tax discount rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognised within interest payable and similar charges.

Leased assets

Rentals under operating leases are charged on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Financial Instruments

The academy trust only holds basic financial instruments as defined in FRS 102. The financial assets and financial liabilities of the academy trust and their measurement basis are as follows:

Financial assets - trade and other debtors are basic financial instruments and are debt instruments measured at amortised cost as detailed in note 12. Prepayments are not financial instruments.

Cash at bank - is classified as a basic financial instrument and is measured at face value.

Financial liabilities - trade creditors, accruals and other creditors are financial instruments, and are measured at amortised cost as detailed in notes 13 and 14. Taxation and social security are not included in the financial instruments disclosure definition. Deferred income is not deemed to be a financial liability, as the cash settlement has already taken place and there is an obligation to deliver services rather than cash or another financial instrument.

Taxation

The academy trust is considered to pass the tests set out in Paragraph 1 Schedule 6 of the Finance Act 2010 and therefore it meets the definition of a charitable company for UK corporation tax purposes.

Accordingly, the academy trust is potentially exempt from taxation in respect of income or capital gains received within categories covered by Chapter 3 Part 11 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010 or Section 256 of the Taxation of Chargeable Gains Act 1992, to the extent that such income or gains are applied exclusively to charitable purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Pension benefits

Retirement benefits to employees of the Academy Trust are provided by the Teachers' Pension Scheme ('TPS') and the Local Government Pension Scheme ('LGPS'). These are defined benefit schemes and the assets are held separately from those of the Academy Trust. The TPS is an unfunded scheme and contributions are calculated so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the Academy Trust in such a way that the pension cost is a substantially level percentage of current and future pensionable payroll. The contributions are determined by the Government Actuary on the basis of quadrennial valuations using a prospective unit credit method. As stated in the notes to the financial statements, the TPS is a multi-employer scheme and there is insufficient information available to use defined benefit accounting. The TPS is therefore treated as a defined contribution scheme for accounting purposes and the contributions recognised in the period to which they relate.

The LGPS is a funded scheme and the assets are held separately from those of the Academy Trust in separate trustee administered funds. Pension scheme assets are measured at fair value and liabilities are measured on an actuarial basis using the projected unit credit method and discounted at a rate equivalent to the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency to the liabilities. The actuarial valuations are obtained at least triennially and are updated at each balance sheet date. The amounts charged to operating surplus are the current service costs and the costs of scheme introductions, benefit changes, settlements and curtailments. They are included as part of staff costs as incurred. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability/asset is also recognised in the Statement of Financial Activities and comprises the interest cost on the defined benefit obligation and interest income on the scheme assets, calculated by multiplying the fair value of the scheme assets at the beginning of the period by the rate used to discount the benefit obligations. The difference between the interest income on the scheme assets and the actual return on the scheme assets is recognised in other recognised gains and losses.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in other recognised gains and losses.

Fund accounting

Unrestricted income funds represent those resources which may be used towards meeting any of the charitable objects of the Academy Trust at the discretion of the Trustees.

Restricted fixed asset funds are resources which are to be applied to specific capital purposes imposed by the funders where the asset acquired or created is held for a specific purpose.

Restricted general funds comprise all other restricted funds received with restrictions imposed by the funder/donor and include grants from the Education and Skills Funding Agency/Department for Education.

Critical accounting estimates and areas of judgement

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Academy Trust makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates and assumptions will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

The present value of the Local Government Pension Scheme defined benefit liability depends on a number of factors that are determined on an actuarial basis using a variety of assumptions. The assumptions used in determining the net cost (income) for pensions include the discount rate. Any changes in these assumptions, which are disclosed in note 23, will impact the carrying amount of the pension liability. Furthermore a roll forward approach which projects results from the latest full actuarial valuation performed at 31 March 2019 has been used by the actuary in valuing the pensions liability at 31 August 2020. Any differences between the figures derived from the roll forward approach and a full actuarial valuation would impact on the carrying amount of the pension liability.

Agency accounting

The Academy Trust acts as an agent in distributing 16-19 bursary funds from the ESFA. Payments received from the ESFA and subsequent disbursements to students are excluded from the statement of financial activities as the Academy Trust does not have control over the charitable application of the funds. The Academy Trust can use up to 5% of the allocation towards its own administration costs and this is recognised in the statement of financial activities. The funds received and paid and any balances held are disclosed in note 25.

2 Donations and capital grants

	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted fixed asset funds £	2019/20 Total £	2018/19 Total £
Capital grants	=	993,089	993,089	144,345
Other donations	1,141		1,141	4,255
	1,141	993,089	994,230	148,600

The income from donations and capital grants was £994,230 (2019: £148,601) of which £1,141 was unrestricted (2019: £4,255), £Nil restricted (2019: £Nil) and £993,089 restricted fixed assets (2019: £144,345).

The CSIA Trust

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

3 Funding for the Academy Trust's educational operations

Total 2018/19 £	7.580.562	501,292		906'22	31,178	109,084		1	Ī		245,105	8,436,043
Total 2019/20	8.055.227	8,927,302		83,883	35,716	119,599		18,345	18,345		152,012	9,217,258
Restricted funds	8.055.227	8,927,302		83,883	35,716	119,599		18,345	18,345		144,480	9,209,726
Unrestricted funds £	1			I	1	I.		1	1		7,532	7,532
	DfE/ESFA revenue grants General Annual Grant	Other DfE / ESFA revenue grants	Other government grants	Other LA grants	Other government grants		Exceptional Government Funding	Coronavirus exceptional support		Non-government grants and other income	Other non government grants and income	Total grants

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

3 Funding for the Academy Trust's educational operations (continued)

The funding for educational operations was £9,217,258 (2019: £8,436,043) of which £7,532 was unrestricted (2019: £3,265), £9,209,726 restricted (2019: £8,432,748) and £Nil restricted fixed assets (2019: £Nil).

The academy trust has been eligible to claim additional funding in the year from government support schemes in response to the Coronavirus outbreak. The funding received is shown above under "Exceptional Government Funding".

- The funding received for Coronavirus exception support covers £18k of premises costs and free school meals. These costs are included in notes 6 and 7 below as appropriate.

4 Other trading activities

	Unrestricted funds £	2019/20 Total £	2018/19 Total £
Hire of facilities	19,625	19,625	30,210
Recharges and reimbursements	151	151	1,901
Other income	34,799	34,799	42,118
	54,575	54,575	74,229

The income from other trading activities was £54,575 (2019: £74,229) of which £54,575 was unrestricted (2019: £74,229), £Nil restricted (2019: £Nil) and £Nil restricted fixed assets (2019: £Nil).

5 Investment income

	Unrestricted funds	2019/20 Total	2018/19 Total
	£	£	£
Interest on short term deposits	2,926	2,926	5,743

The income from investments was £2,926 (2019: £5,743) of which £2,926 was unrestricted (2019: £5,743), £Nil restricted (2019: £Nil) and £Nil restricted fixed assets (2019: £Nil).

6 Expenditure

	Staff costs	Premises £	Other costs £	2019/20 Total £	2018/19 Total £
Expenditure on raising funds Direct costs	23,544	1,680	14,935	40,159	25,420
Diroct costs	20,044	1,000	. 1,000	,	,

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

6 Expenditure (continued) Non Pay Expenditure Staff costs £ Premises Cother costs £ Academy's educational operations

Direct costs Allocated support	6,792,367	-	613,494	7,405,861	6,551,708
costs	1,160,607	1,028,834	554,239	2,743,680	2,653,332
	7,976,518	1,030,514	1,182,668	10,189,700	9,230,460

2019/20

Total

£

2018/19

Total

£

Net income/ expenditure for the year include:		
	2020 £	2019 £
Fees payable to auditor - audit	8,365	4,200
- other audit and non audit services	5,075	5,990
(Profit)/loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	(2,400)
Depreciation	510,071	528,481

7 Charitable activities			
		Total 2019/20 £	Total 2018/19 £
Direct costs - educational operations		7,405,861	6,551,708
Support costs - educational operations		2,743,680	2,653,332
		10,149,541	9,205,040
	Educational operations	Total 2019/20 £	Total 2018/19 £
Analysis of support costs			
Support staff costs	1,160,607	1,160,607	1,054,903
Depreciation	510,071	510,071	528,481
Technology costs	56,471	56,471	27,865
Premises costs	518,763	518,763	520,033
Other support costs	470,622	470,622	499,755
Governance costs	13,440	13,440	10,190
Legal costs	13,706	13,706	12,105
Total support costs	2,743,680	2,743,680	2,653,332

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

8 Staff

Staff costs	2019/20 £	2018/19 £
Staff costs during the year were:		
Wages and salaries	5,757,776	5,256,446
Social security costs	557,712	504,112
Pension costs	1,468,096_	961,355
	7,783,584	6,721,913
Supply teacher costs	154,164	156,288
Staff restructuring costs	38,770	4,600
	7,976,518	6,882,801
	2019/20	2018/19
	£	£
Staff restructuring costs comprise:		
Severance payments	38,770	4,600

Non statutory/non-contractual staff severance payments

Included in staff restructuring costs are non-statutory/non-contractual severance payments totalling £25,262 (2019: £4,600). Individually, the amounts were: £25,262.

Staff numbers

The average number of persons (including senior management team) employed by the Academy Trust during the year was as follows:

	2019/20 No	2018/19 No
Charitable Activities		
Teachers	116	106
Administration and support	94	72
Management	7	8
	217	186

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

8 Staff (continued)

Higher paid staff

The number of employees whose employee benefits (excluding employer pension costs) exceeded £60,000 was:

	2019/20 No	2018/19 No
£60,001 - £70,000	1	2
£70,001 - £80,000	2	3
£80,001 - £90,000	2	_
£130,001 - £140,000	-	1
£140,001 - £150,000	1	_

The key management personnel of the Academy Trust comprise the Trustees and the senior management team as listed on page 1. The total amount of employee benefits (including employer pension contributions and employer national insurance contributions) received by key management personnel for their services to the Academy Trust was £778,897 (2018: £778,784).

9 Related party transactions - Trustees' remuneration and expenses

One or more Trustees has been paid remuneration or has received other benefits from an employment with the Academy Trust. The principal and other staff Trustees only receive remuneration in respect of services they provide undertaking the roles of principal and staff members under their contracts of employment. The value of Trustees' remuneration and other benefits was as follows:

Ian Kenworthy (Principal):

Remuneration: £145,000 - £150,000 (2019 - £135,000 - £140,000)

Employer's pension contributions: £20,000 - £25,000 (2019 - £20,000 - £25,000)

Other related party transactions involving the Trustees are set out in note 24.

10 Trustees' and officers' insurance

In accordance with normal commercial practice the Academy has purchased insurance to protect governors and officers from claims arising from negligent acts, errors or omissions occurring whilst on Academy business. The insurance provides cover up to £5,000,000 on any one claim and the cost for the year ended 31 August 2020 was £37,790 (2019 - £46,558). This cost relates to a combined schoolwide policy for both this year and comparative.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

11 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings £	Leasehold land and buildings & £	Furniture and equipment £		Computer equipment £	Total
Cost At 1 September 2019 Additions Disposals	4,745,479 273,580	16,827,806 33,132 (2,909)	716,813 32,750 (345)	113,095	31,534	23,425,004 370,996 (3,254)
At 31 August 2020	5,019,059	16,858,029	749,218	113,095	1,053,345	23,792,746
Depreciation At 1 September 2019 Charge for the year	486,251 99,348	2,158,627 300,067	486,063 57,573	107,314 1,875	941,009 51,208	4,179,264 510,071
At 31 August 2020	585,599	2,458,694	543,636	109,189	992,217	4,689,335
Net book value						
At 31 August 2020	4,433,460	14,399,335	205,582	3,906	61,128	19,103,411
At 31 August 2019	4,259,228	14,669,179	230,750	5,781	80,802	19,245,740
12 Debtors					0000	0040
					2020 £	2019 £
Prepayments					44,474	106,274
VAT recoverable				· ·	47,281	65,408
Other debtors				1	,078,300	85,673
				1	,170,055	257,355

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

13 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2020 £	2019 £
Trade creditors	211,550	211,396
Other taxation and social security	152,391	131,421
Other creditors	14,747	25,417
Pension scheme creditor	137,665	105,944
Loans	2,090	2,090
Accruals	25,782	28,741
Deferred income	27,199	65,247
	571,424	570,256
	2020	2019
	£	£
Deferred income		
Deferred income at 1 September 2019	65,247	54,480
Resources deferred in the period	27,199	65,247
Amounts released from previous periods	(65,247)	(54,480)
Deferred income at 31 August 2020	27,199	65,247

Deferred income relates to grant income relating to the following year and unspent bursary funds.

Loan of £2,090 from Salix Finance Limited which is provided on the following terms: The loan is interest free and repayable over 8 years.

14 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Loans	10,450	12,540

Loan of £10,450 from Salix Finance Limited which is provided on the following terms: The loan is interest free and repayable over 8 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

15 Funds

	Balance at 1 September 2019 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains, losses and transfers £	Balance at 31 August 2020 £
Restricted general funds General Annual Grant (GAG) LA and other restricted grants Other DfE / ESFA revenue grants Other non grant income	562,275 - - 27,759	8,055,227 91,768 864,190 198,541	(8,180,305) (88,088) (864,190) (217,597)	(283,010) - - 12,593	154,187 3,680 - 21,296
9	590,034	9,209,726	(9,350,180)	(270,417)	179,163
Restricted fixed asset funds Assets purchased since conversion Assets transferred from the LA DfE / ESFA capital grants	8,264,606 10,981,135 48,344 19,294,085	993,089 993,089	(289,981) (220,090) (510,071)	367,742 - (84,733) 283,009	8,342,367 10,761,045 956,700 20,060,112
Restricted pension funds Pension reserve	(2,640,000)	_	(288,000)	(466,000)	(3,394,000)
Total restricted funds	17,244,119	10,202,815	(10,148,251)	(453,408)	16,845,275
Unrestricted funds Unrestricted general funds Total funds	721,191 17,965,310	66,174 10,268,989	<u>(41,449)</u> (10,189,700)	(12,592) (466,000)	733,324 17,578,599
เ บเสเ เนเเนร	17,303,310	10,200,000	(13,100,700)	(100,000)	,0,0,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

15 Funds (continued)

The specific purposes for which the funds are to be applied are as follows:

- The General Annual Grant (GAG) restricted fund relates to the funding received from the ESFA for the ongoing provision of education services to children from the age of eleven to eighteen.
- The LA and other grants mainly consists of restricted SEN funding which is for the provision of education and training services to children with special educational needs and COVID reimbursements which is to cover exeptional costs experienced due to the pandemic.
- Other DfE / ESFA revenue grants relate to teacher pay and pension grant which is assist the school in reaching requirements of suitable teacher pay and pension requirements. It also includes Pupil Premium, which is specifically used to raise the attainment levels of disadvantaged pupils and closing the gap with thier peers, and supporting children and young people with parents in regular armed forces. The other main fund included is the year 7 catch up funding which is received from the ESFA and is to support pupils who did not achieve the expected standard in reading or maths at the end of KS2.
- The defined benefit pension fund represents the current deficit on the Local Government Pension Scheme.
- The Academy Trust operates restricted fixed asset funds. Income that is received by the Academy for the purchase of specific capital items or projects is allocated to these funds.

During the year transfers were made from unrestricted and GAG funding to restricted fixed assets to represent the assets that were purchased from school reserves.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

15 Funds (continued)

To Full do Tull do Tul	Balance at 1 September 2018 £	Income £	Expenditure £	Gains, losses and transfers £	Balance at 31 August 2019 £
Restricted general funds					
General Annual Grant (GAG)	602,648	7,580,562	(7,620,935)		562,275
LA and other restricted grants Other DfE / ESFA revenue	11,567	77,906	(89,473)	-	-
grants	-	501,292	(501,292)	=	-
Other Government grants	716	31,178	(31,894)	-	-
Other non grant income	25,000	241,810	(239,050)		27,760
	639,931	8,432,748	(8,482,644)	-	590,035
Restricted fixed asset funds Assets purchased since					
conversion	7,850,033	-	(308,390)	722,963	8,264,606
Assets transferred from the LA	11,201,226	-	(220,091)	-	10,981,135
DfE / ESFA capital grants	504,313	144,345	_	(600,314)	48,344
	19,555,572	144,345	(528,481)	122,649	19,294,085
Restricted pension funds					
Pension reserve	(1,719,000)	-	(172,000)	(749,000)	(2,640,000)
Total restricted funds	18,476,503	8,577,093	(9,183,125)	(626,351)	17,244,120
Unrestricted funds Unrestricted general funds	803,652	87,522	(47,335)	(122,649)	721,190
Total funds	19,280,155	8,664,615	(9,230,460)	(749,000)	17,965,310

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

16 Analysis of net assets between funds

Fund balances at 31 August 2020 are represented by:

	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted general funds £	Restricted fixed asset funds £	Total funds £
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	19,103,411	19,103,411
Current assets	1,262,127	232,234	956,701	2,451,062
Current liabilities	(528,803)	(42,621)	-	(571,424)
Creditors over 1 year	-	(10,450)	-	(10,450)
Pension scheme liability	NAME OF THE PERSON OF THE PERS	(3,394,000)	-	(3,394,000)
Total net assets	733,324	(3,214,837)	20,060,112	17,578,599

Comparative information in respect of the preceding period is as follows:

	Unrestricted funds £	Restricted general funds £	Restricted fixed asset funds	Total funds £
Tangible fixed assets	-	-	19,245,740	19,245,740
Current assets	1,234,472	659,549	48,345	1,942,366
Current liabilities	(513,281)	(56,975)	-	(570,256)
Creditors over 1 year	_	(12,540)	-0	(12,540)
Pension scheme liability	-	(2,640,000)	_	(2,640,000)
Total net assets	721,191	(2,049,966)	19,294,085	17,965,310

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

17 Financial commitments

Operating leases

At 31 August 2020 the total of the academy trust's future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases was:

	2020 £	2019 £
Amounts due within one year	13,776	976
Amounts due between one and five years	3,322	244
	17,098	1,220

18 Reconciliation of net income/(expenditure) to net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

	2020	2019
	£	£
Net income/(expenditure)	79,289	(565,845)
Depreciation	510,071	528,481
Capital grants from DfE and other capital income	(993,089)	(144,345)
Interest receivable	(2,926)	(5,743)
Defined benefit pension scheme cost less contributions payable	235,000	122,000
Defined benefit pension scheme finance cost	53,000	50,000
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(912,700)	8,524
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	1,168	(23,915)
Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	_	(2,400)
Net cash used in Operating Activities	(1,030,187)	(33,243)

19 Cash flows from financing activities

	2019/20	2018/19
	£	£
Repayments of borrowing	(2,090)	(2,090)
Cash inflows from new borrowing		16,721
Net cash (used in)/provided by financing activities	(2,090)	14,631

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

20 Cash flows from investing activities

	2020 £	2019 £
Dividends, interest and rents from investments	2,926	5,743
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(370,996)	(722,963)
Proceeds from sale of tangible fixed assets	3,254	2,400
Capital grants from DfE Group	993,089	144,345
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	628,273	(570,475)
21 Analysis of cash and cash equivalents		
	2020	2019
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	1,281,007	1,685,011
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,281,007	1,685,011

22 Members' liability

Each member of the charitable company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of it being wound up while they are a member, or within one year after they cease to be a member, such amount as may be required, not exceeding £10, for the debts and liabilities contracted before they ceased to be a member.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

23 Pension and similar obligations

The academy trust's employees belong to two principal pension schemes: the Teachers' Pension Scheme England and Wales (TPS) for academic and related staff; and the Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) for non-teaching staff, which is managed by Cornwall Cornwall. Both are multi-employer defined benefit schemes.

The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS related to the period ended 31 March 2016 and of the LGPS 31 March 2019.

Contributions amounting to £137,665 (2019 - £105,944) were payable to the schemes at 31 August and are included within creditors.

Teachers' Pension Scheme

Introduction

The Teachers' Pension Scheme (TPS) is a statutory, contributory, defined benefit scheme, governed by the Teachers' Pension Scheme Regulations 2014. Membership is automatic for teachers in academies. All teachers have the option to opt-out of the TPS following enrolment.

The TPS is an unfunded scheme to which both member and employer makes contributions, as a percentage of salary - these contributions are credited to the Exchequer. Retirement and other pension benefits are paid by public funds provided by Parliament.

Valuation of the Teachers' Pension Scheme

The Government Actuary, using normal actuarial principles, conducts a formal actuarial review of the TPS in accordance with the Public Service Pensions (Valuations and Employer Cost Cap) Directions 2014 published by HM Treasury every 4 years. The aim of the review is to specify the level of future contributions. Actuarial scheme valuations are dependent on assumptions about the value of future costs, design of benefits and many other factors. The latest actuarial valuation of the TPS was carried out as at 31 March 2016. The valuation report was published by the Department for Education on 5 March 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

23 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

The key elements of the valuation and subsequent consultation are:

- employer contribution rates set at 23.68% of pensionable pay (including a 0.08% administration levy)
- total scheme liabilities (pensions currently in payment and the estimated cost of future benefits) for service to the effective date of £218,100 million, and notional assets (estimated future contributions together with the notional investments held at the valuation date) of £196,100 million giving a notional past service deficit of £22,000 million
- the SCAPE rate, set by HMT, is used to determine the notional investment return. The current SCAPE rate is 2.4% above the rate of CPI. Assumed real rate of return is 2.4% in excess of prices and 2% in excess of earnings. The rate of real earnings. The rate of real earnings growth is assumed to be 2.2%. The assumed nominal rate of return including earnings growth is 4.45%.

The next valuation result is due to be implemented from 1 April 2023.

The employer's pension costs paid to TPS in the period amounted to £1,060,523 (2019: £639,767).

A copy of the valuation report and supporting documentation is on the Teachers' Pensions website.

Under the definitions set out in FRS 102, the TPS is an unfunded multi-employer pension scheme. The academy trust has accounted for its contributions to the scheme as if it were a defined contribution scheme. The academy trust has set out above the information available on the scheme.

Local Government Pension Scheme

The LGPS is a funded defined-benefit scheme, with the assets held in separate trustee-administered funds. The total contribution made for the year ended 31 August 2020 was £275,000 (2019 - £253,000), of which employer's contributions totalled £216,000 (2019 - £200,000) and employees' contributions totalled £59,000 (2019 - £53,000). The agreed contribution rates for future years are 16.1% per cent for employers and 5.5% - 12.5% per cent for employees.

Due to the scheme being in deficit lump sum amounts of £58,200 (2019: £54,525) were paid into the scheme during the year.

Parliament has agreed, at the request of the Secretary of State for Education, to a guarantee that, in the event of an academy trust closure, outstanding Local Government Pension Scheme liabilities would be met by the Department for Education. The guarantee came into force on 18 July 2013.

Principal actuarial assumptions

2020	2019
%	%
2.20	2.40
2.20	2.30
1.70	1.90
2.20	2.30
	% 2.20 2.20 1.70

The current mortality assumptions include sufficient allowance for future improvements in the mortality rates. The assumed life expectations on retirement age 65 are:

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

23 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

23 Pension and Similar Obligations (Continued)		
	2020	2019
Retiring today		
Males retiring today	21.40	21.10
Females retiring today	23.60	23.60
Retiring in 20 years		
Males retiring in 20 years	22.30	22.30
Females retiring in 20 years	25.10	25.00
Sensitivity analysis		
	At 31 August 2020	At 31 August 2019
	2020 £	2019 £
Discount rate +0.1%	(£183,000)	(£189,000)
Discount rate -0.1%	£183,000	£189,000
Mortality assumption – 1 year increase	(£289,000)	(£272,000)
Mortality assumption – 1 year decrease	£289,000	£272,000
CPI rate +0.1%	£170,000	£158,000
CPI rate -0.1%	(£170,000)	(£158,000)
The academy trust's share of the assets in the scheme were:		
The doddon's tracte onare of the doctor in the contents were.	2020	2019
	£	£
Equities	2,139,760	2,211,160
Corporate bonds	1,375,560	1,627,080
Property	229,260	292,040
Cash and other liquid assets	76,420	41,720
Total market value of assets	3,821,000	4,172,000

The actual return on scheme assets was (£601,000) (2019 - £358,000).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

23 Pension and similar obligations (continued)

Amounts recognised in the statement of financial activities		
	2019/20	2017/18
Current service cost	£ 451,000	£ 317,000
Past service cost	451,000	5,000
Net interest cost	53,000	50,000
Total amount recognised in the SOFA	504,000	372,000
Changes in the present value of defined benefit obligations were as follows:		
	2019/20	2018/19
	£	£
At start of period	6,812,000	5,218,000
Current service cost	451,000	317,000
Interest cost	134,000	151,000
Employee contributions	59,000	53,000
Actuarial (gain)/loss	(135,000)	1,107,000
Benefits paid	(106,000)	(39,000)
Past service cost	_	5,000
At 31 August	7,215,000	6,812,000
Movements in the fair value of academy's share of scheme assets		
	2020	2019
	£	£
At 1 September	4,172,000	3,499,000
Interest income	81,000	101,000
Actuarial (losses)/gains	(601,000)	358,000
Employer contributions	216,000	200,000
Employee contributions	59,000	53,000
Benefits paid	(106,000)	(39,000)
At 31 August	3,821,000	4,172,000

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 August 2020 (continued)

24 Related party transactions

Owing to the nature of the Academy Trust's operations and the composition of the Board of Trustees being drawn from local public and private sector organisations, transactions may take place with organisations in which a member of the Board of Trustees may have an interest. All transactions involving such organisations are conducted at arm's length and in accordance with the Academy Trust's financial regulations and normal procurement procedures.

Expenditure related party transactions

During the year the academy made the following related party transactions:

Western Hunt Pony Club

(Emma Haase, Vice Principle is a committee member of Western Hunt Pony Club.)

In the year, the school paid £100 (2019: £Nill) in relation to a show jumping competition.

In entering into the transaction the academy trust has complied with the requirements of the Academies Financial Handbook 2019.

At the balance sheet date the amount due to Western Hunt Pony Club was £Nil (2019 - £Nil).

Income related party transactions

During the year the academy made the following related party transactions:

Weeth School

(Mark Fenlon, Vice Principal is a governor of Weeth School.)

As part of the Primary School Alliance programme, £3,000 (2019: £3,000) was received in the year. No amounts due at the year end.

25 Agency arrangements

The academy trust distributes 16-19 bursary funds to students as an agent for ESFA. In the accounting period ending 31 August 2020 the academy trust received £46,649 and disbursed £53,324 from the fund. An amount of £1,199 is included in other creditors relating to undistributed funds that is repayable to ESFA.

Comparatives for the accounting period ending 31 August 2019 are £35,112 received, £30,776 disbursed and £7,874 included in other creditors.